

Basics of the Guarantee of Origin market

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ACT Commodities





Understanding The Basics Guarantee of Origin (GO)

Creating **EACs**

Electricity from

Renewable sources

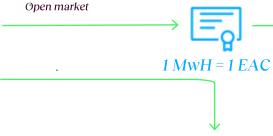
- Wind
- Solar
- Hydroelectric
- Biogas / Biomass
- Geothermal











Electricity

Network

Energy Attribute

Certificates

Subsidy (AO & CRE)

French National Auctions

Out of subsidy



EAC Registry



Consumer

Renewable / low carbon electricity



Consumer

Carbon based electricity

Electricity from

Fossil fuel sources



Reported information:

- Unique identification number
- **Emissions country**
- Delivery date
- COD
- Plant name & location
- Capacity
- Technology
- Production period
- Subsidiary scheme

Attestation d'utilisation - Garantie d'origine

Correspondance	Code
Caption	Code
techanical source or other /Wind	
Vind /On-shore	
lo support received	

Legend

Validity (12 months)

Certification period (up to 5 months post-production)

Nov-2023 Jan-2024 May-24 Aug-2024 Nov-2024 Jan-2025



Why Source Gos

Emissions

Reduce Scope 2

Hit sustainability targets:
 Mitigate emissions within the global supply chain of customers

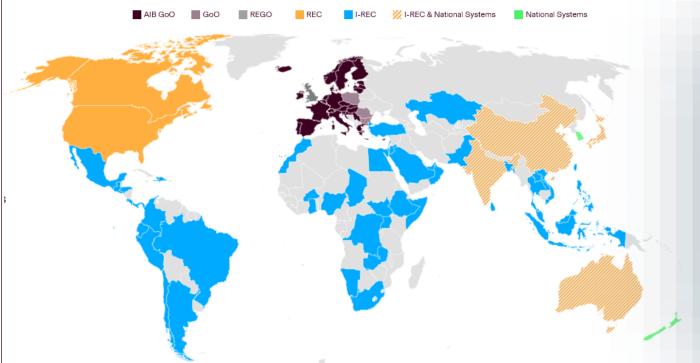
Meet regulatory commitments: Cost effective approach when switching from conventional fossil fuel energy sources 02.

Claim 100% Renewable Energy Stay competitive:

Increase claims over products and services

→ Electricity source transparency:

GOs guarantee the traceability of the origins of the energy they represent and prove it is renewable.







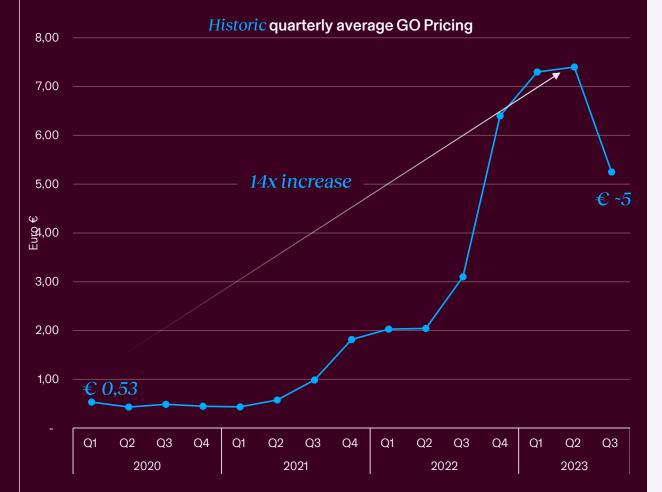
volatile and bullish market since 2022

>10%

The average weekly variation of the spot prices since 2022

+1500 M€

The over-cost to the non-hedge clients that were exposed to strikes prices over 2022

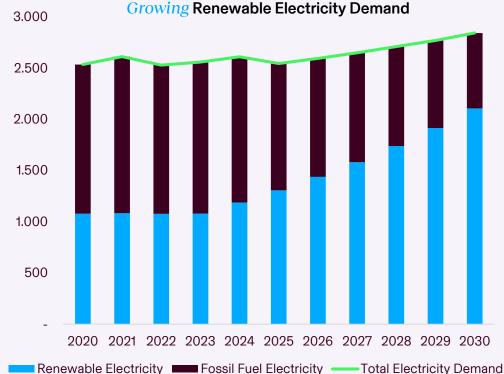


Fueled by a growing demand for renewable electricity

GoO volume is projected to **grow** into 2030 as the EU approaches its renewable energy targets. During this time, there might will be a gap between the certificates available and the market volume of renewable energy which indicates that prices will remain high.

Undoubtedly, a combination of regulatory and voluntary factors have been key to this growth, and will keep playing a central role to reach the EU's goal of climate neutrality by 2050:

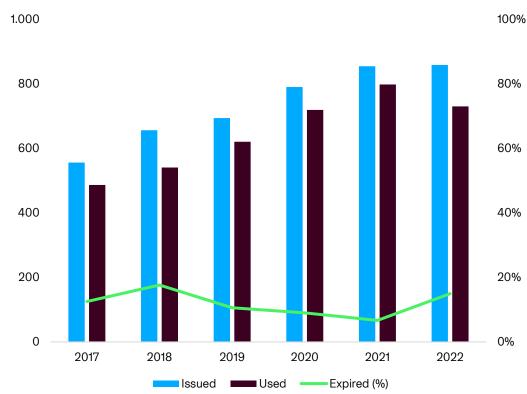
- Fit for 55 package: certificate volumes must increase 20-25% annually until 2030.
- RED III: EU's final energy consumption should reach around 43% by 2030.
- RE100's changes in sourcing criteria regarding country of origin and sourcing vintage.





European GO market

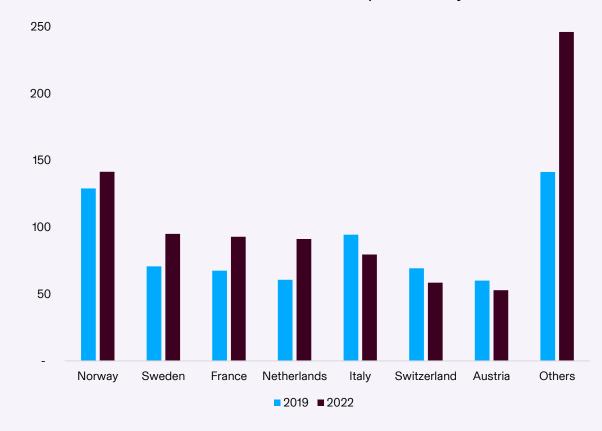




The Europe (AIB registry) certified 858 TWh of GOs in 2022. This represents an average increase of +54% compared to 2017.

In 2021, 798TWh of GOs were redeemed, representing an overall utilization rate of 93%.

Evolution of the Issuance per Country



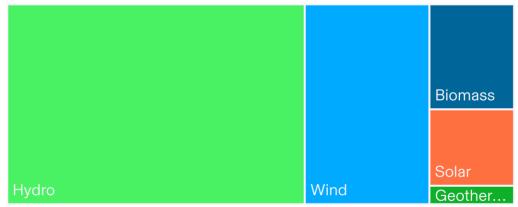
As of end of 2022, the AIB (Association of Issuing Bodies) gathers 35 members from 28 European countries.

In 2022, Germany (18%), Italy (17%), the Netherlands (11%) and France (10%) were the top four consumers of GOs, cancelling 56% of the total cancelled GOs.

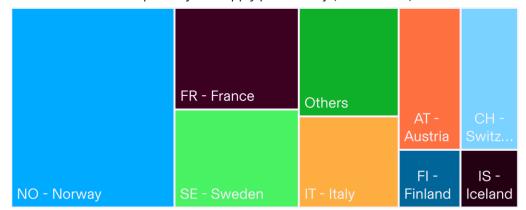


European GO supply





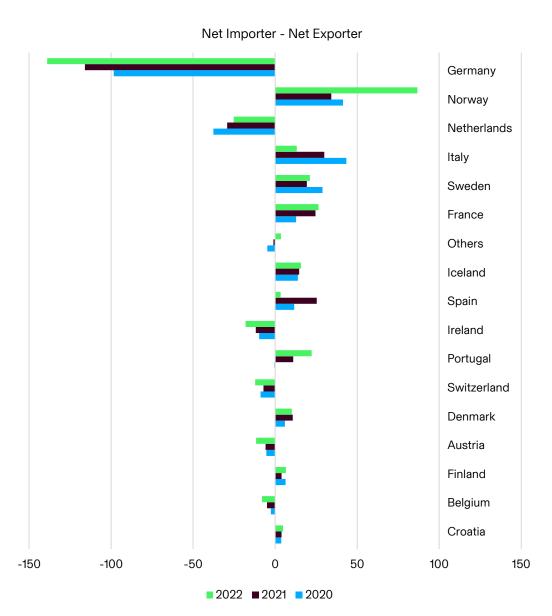
European Hydro Supply per Country (2020 - 2022)



In 2022, thanks to its large hydro facilities; Norway represented 18% of the total supply of GOs, followed by Sweden with 12%.

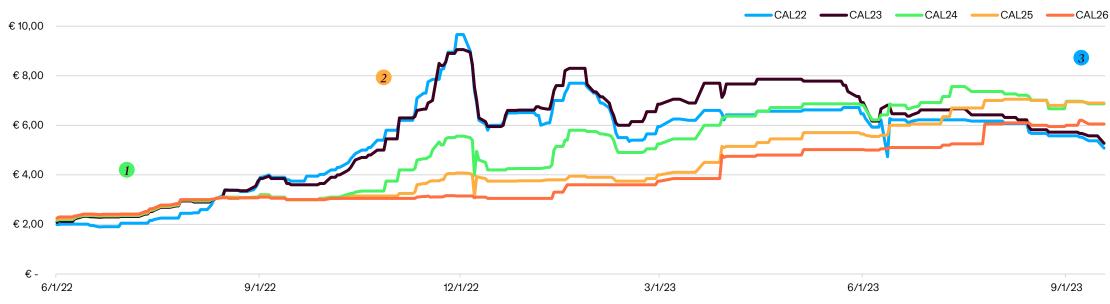
Therefore, the market is highly impacted by potential hydro shortages.

Due to some national subsidiary schemes, some countries like Germany are not major net importers of GOs.





GO Price trend



After a long period of low volatility and stable price rises, the drought in the Nordic countries in the summer of 2022 caused major stress on GO market liquidity, leading to soaring prices until the end of the period. At the start of the new period (2023), many players adopted a more hesitant supply strategy, leading to high market instability. Since summer 2023, a consensus has begun to emerge on the future price of GOs, leading to a correction of CAL24/25/26.

